

DAS BECE PERFORMANCE BOOSTER
BASIC EDUCATION CERTIFICATE MOCK

SOCIAL STUDIES

SECTION A: OUR ENVIRONMENT

1. (a) Rural-Urban drift is the movement of people from the rural areas to the urban areas.

Note: 4 marks, mere definition award not more than 2marks

Definition, explanation, types examples if any

(b).

- i. There is increased incidence of broken homes in the villages
- ii. There is lack of supervision of children in the villages
- iii. There will be pressure on social amenities
- iv. There will be increase in crime waves
- v. Loss of population in the Rural Areas
- vi. Streetism
- vii. Increase in the spread of diseases
- viii. Etc.

16 marks, any 4 points Mere points mark over 4marks

Points and explanations, with examples

2. (a) Adolescent irresponsible behaviour refers to the behaviours of the adolescence that are contrary to the norms of the society. In other words, it refers to the behaviour that goes against the accepted norms and value of a community or society.

2 marks Mere defition with examples to score

(b)

- i. Prostitution
- ii. Drug abuse
- iii. Abortion
- iv. Armed robbery
- v. Truancy
- vi. Disrespectfulness
- vii. Disobedience of rules and regulations
- viii. Masturbation
- ix. Watching of pornographies
- x. Etc.

Any 3 points for 3 marks 1 mark each

(c)

- i. Refusal of parents to provide children with their needs (physical)
- ii. Preesure form their peers to engage in bad behaviour

- iii. Failure of parents in showing respect to the children
- iv. Parents engage in irresponsible behaviours themselves
- v. Some parents fail to show affection to their children
- vi. Curiosity and adventurous nature of some children
- vii. Broken homes

**15 marks, 3marks each, any 5 points Mere points mark over 4marks
Points and explanations, with examples**

SECTION B: GOVERNANCE, POLICTICS AND STABILITY

3. (a) Migration of Ethnic groups is the movement of an ethnic group from one place to settle in another place.

2 marks Mere definition with examples to score

(b)

- i. Akan.
- ii. The Ewe.
- iii. The Ga-Adanbge.
- iv. The Mole Dagbon .
- v. The Guan.

Any 3 points for 3 marks 1 mark each

(c)

- i. for fertile land
- ii. for peace and security
- iii. For larger market for trade
- iv. For accessible water supplies
- v. Increase in population
- vi. Avoidance of natural disaster
- vii. Running away from cruel or wicked kings
- viii. For fishing activities along the seas or river courses

**15 marks, 3marks each, any 5 points Mere points mark over 4marks
Points and explanations, with examples**

4. (a) A constitution is a set of rules for governing a country. A constitution may be a written document. That is, all the laws may be codified into a single document (as in Ghana). In that case we call it legal documents.

**Note: 4 marks, mere definition award not more than 2marks
Definition, explanation, types examples if any**

(b)

- i. Easier maintenance of law and order.
- ii. Assurance of individual's rights and freedoms
- iii. Establishment of Organs of institutions.
- iv. Making government accountable.

- v. Setting political direction of the country.
- vi. Helping prevent Human Right Abuse.
- vii. Determine the functions and powers of state institutions.

**16 marks, 4marks each, any 4 points Mere points mark over 4marks
Points and explanations, with examples**

SECTION C: SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Answer one question

5. (a) Education is the process of learning geared or directed towards assisting the individual to acquire knowledge, skills and attitudes that will help him/her to improve his/her life. Education is not only acquired in schools. It is acquired at home and in a variety of other places outside the school.

2 marks definition with explanations and examples to score

- (ii) Training is a form of education except that training is more specific and geared or directed towards the acquisition of expertise in a particular vocation, trade, work or profession.

2 marks definition with explanations and examples to score

(b)

- i. Low Remuneration
- ii. Poor attitude towards work
- iii. Bureaucracy
- iv. Lack of commitment and dedication
- v. Poor supervision
- vi. Too much political interference
- vii. Pilfering and embezzlement.

16 marks, 4marks each, any 4 points Mere points mark over 4marks

Points and explanations, with examples

6. (a) Natural resources are materials provided by nature which help in the process of production whilst human resource refers to the population, skills and ability to use them to facilitate development.

4 marks definition with explanations, contrast and examples to score

(b)

- i. Education
- ii. Training
- iii. Remuneration
- iv. Employment
- v. Efficient tools
- vi. Proper supervision
- vii. Working conditions

16 marks, 4marks each, any 4 points Mere points mark over 4marks

Points and explanations, with examples

PAPER 2

40 MARKS

1. D
2. C
3. D
4. D
5. B
6. B
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. A
11. D
12. C
13. C
14. D
15. D
16. A
17. D
18. C
19. D
20. B
21. B
22. D
23. A
24. D
25. A
26. B
27. D
28. A
29. D
30. B
31. B
32. A
33. B
34. B
35. D
36. B
37. B
38. A
39. A
40. D